**Example Candidate Responses** 

# Cambridge International AS and A Level English Language

# 9093

Paper 4



**Cambridge Advanced** 

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# Contents

Introduction	4
Assessment at a glance	6
Question 1	8
Question 2	21
Question 3	34

# Introduction

The main aim of this booklet is to exemplify standards for those teaching Cambridge International AS and A Level English (9093), and to show how different levels of candidates' performance (high, middle and low) relate to the subject's curriculum and assessment objectives.

In this booklet candidate responses have been chosen to exemplify a range of answers. Each response is accompanied by a brief commentary explaining the strengths and weaknesses of the answers.

Each response is annotated with clear explanation of where and why marks were awarded or omitted. This, in turn, followed by examiner comments on how the answer could have been improved. In this way it is possible for you to understand what candidates have done to gain their marks and what they will have to do to improve their answers. At the end there is a list of common mistakes candidates made in their answers for each question.

This document provides illustrative examples of candidate work. These help teachers to assess the standard required to achieve marks, beyond the guidance of the mark scheme. Some question types where the answer is clear from the mark scheme, such as short answers and multiple choice, have therefore been omitted.

The questions, mark schemes and pre-release material used here are available to download from Teacher Support.

Past papers, Examiner Reports and other teacher support materials are available on Teacher Support at https://teachers.cie.org.uk

# How to use this booklet

Example candidate response – high	Examiner comments
M& Gillard's speech is characterised by strong, emotive binguage and and accusatory, outraged bre. "It is written in an thought-provoking manner, and exposes the flaws. of the Leader of the opposition 1 Answers by real candidates in exam conditions. These show you the types of answers for each level. Discuss and analyse the answers with your learners in the classroom to improve their skills. She refers to flabott repeatedly as "this man". Such a phrase resonates as slight bathing, contempt and disgusts. By choosing not to give him a name a title here, she reduces his influence and important	<ul> <li>Immediate and purposeful assessment of the tone of the passage.</li> <li>Examiner comments are alongside the answers, linked to specific part of the answer. These explain where and why marks were awarded. This helps you to interpret the standard of Cambridge exams and helps your learners to refine exam technique.</li> </ul>

### How the candidate could have improved the answer

There was some engagement with the passage focus was very variable and rhetorical devices

The response would have benefited from a mo disconnected and this prevented any clear exa

This explains how the candidate could have improved the answer. This helps you to interpret the standard of Cambridge exams and helps your learners to refine exam technique.

### Common mistakes candidates made in this question

The examiner expected candidates to:

- identify language examples and features the passage
- comment on specific effects of the chose effect of the passage as a whole

Lists the common mistakes candidates made in answering each question. This will help your learners to avoid these mistakes at the exam and give them the best chance of achieving a high mark.

# Assessment at a glance

For Cambridge International AS and A Level English Language, candidates:

- take Papers 1 and 2 only (for the Cambridge International AS qualification)
- or
- follow a staged assessment route by taking Papers 1 and 2 (for the Cambridge International AS qualification) in one series, then Papers 3 and 4 (for the Cambridge International A Level qualification) in a later series

or

 take Papers 1, 2, 3 and 4 only in the same examination series, leading to the full Cambridge International A Level.

#### Cambridge International AS Level candidates take:

Paper 1 Passages	Duration	Weighting
The paper contains three questions.	2 hours 15 minutes	50%
Candidates answer two questions: Question 1, and either Question 2 or Question 3.		
Questions carry equal marks.		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

#### and

Paper 2 Writing	Duration	Weighting
Two sections: Section A and Section B.	2 hours	50%
Candidates answer two questions: one from Section A and one from Section B.		
Questions carry equal marks.		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

### Cambridge International A Level candidates take:

Paper 1 Passages	Duration	Weighting
The paper contains three questions.	2 hours 15 minutes	25%
Candidates answer two questions: Question 1, and either Question 2 or Question 3.		
Questions carry equal marks.		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

### and

Paper 2 Writing	Duration	Weighting
Two sections: Section A and Section B.	2 hours	25%
Candidates answer two questions: one from Section A and one from Section B.		
Questions carry equal marks.		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

#### and

Paper 3 Text Analysis	Duration	Weighting
The paper contains two questions	2 hours 15 minutes	25%
Candidates must answer both questions.		
Questions carry equal marks.		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

#### and

Paper 4 Language Topics	Duration	Weighting
The paper contains three questions, each on a separate topic area.	2 hours 15 minutes	25%
Candidates answer two questions.		
Questions carry equal marks		
Externally assessed. 50 marks		

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Example candidate response – high **Examiner comments** the levision Hain Int Usai 11man 1 sid 5 1 The introduction demonstrates the candidate's clear understanding of the context. evision CO 2 The candidate develops an insight into the specific audience using appropriate evidence from the transcript. 50 55 **3** A counter-argument is set up R and developed, using some linguistic terminology. How M

8

Example candidate response - high, continued **Examiner comments** ld know would Dia he is court 9 du hid provi 0 or 125 4 The concept of language to 4 include or exclude is explored using appropriate evidence. M rulu. 82 in D 50 5 Language and purpose is further examined. The candidate continues to select appropriately from the transcript. Morgan 21 is p 510 1- -VI И 6 The candidate now begins to 6 examine language and power and the status of the interlocutors within ala the context. MPI A Mo guid 122

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
anowers. This is explicitly portrajed when Morgan aske asks 'so how does that make you feel?' and bolt has the short reply of 'il.) i pel 6000 (1) i feel good'. Thus, Morgan has to prove prompt more information from Bolt with the follow up greation, 'how nany people do you meet on a daily basis that go (.) you are my here'. This	
Aveshow is more specific and hould be easier for Bolt to answer Non Morgan 'Soft st inque question. Morgan, throughout the Interview, has little to women non-the phrency features as he has prepared his questions for Bolt, and possibly	7 The candidate comments fully on the structures of questions posed by the interviewer.
hispersonal ahecdote about Borcel, beforehand. However, Bolt has a plethoor of non-friency features Mat can be attributed to spontaveau speech Bit we have faile starts, 'i (.) i feel (tOOD', 'it's (.) it's ALL', and pauses, '(.)' and Allers, 'err' These contribute to the idea that	8 The response is comparative in its exploration of the interlocutors' utterances and their linguistic features.
Adminance in the conversion of the main serves to increase thorgan; However, with Margan's ancedate	In developing the response further, the candidate now applies the analysis to the previous exploration of language and power.

toutreer, Margan unkers Use of . politicness principles from both leech and Lakoff. Morgan uses leech's mexim of Approximation when he maximises praise of Usain Balt, "its because YOURE my hero" and golden bots mind". When this serves Is flatter Bolt and put him at lase with the he conversation Morgan also nakes use of Lakoff's jolea thet, ho be polite, you supply the also nakes use of Lakoff's jolea "thet, ho be polite, you supply the many options, "is it be the ninning many options, "is it be the ninning he money P(.) is it formet (.) is it Me money P(.) is it formet (.) is it	Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
Henin bolt. Henin bolt. Henin bolt. Iteration bolt. Iteratio	hundred metric dash as being the "GREATEST test of a man' he Walates, seeningly unintentionally, Corice's unxim of Refevance as it doesn't serve to add to the conver- eation. This is conveyed through Bolt's response, "its prue". The brevity of Bolt's utterance portrays the sentiment that Morgan's anecdofe had no relevant bearing	
"it's because YOURE my hero" and 'golden bot's min 1'. Ma This sorves HS flatter Bolt and put him a tease with the he conversation Morgan also unkers use of Lakoff's jdea that, to be polite, you supply the after participant with herein after participant with herein Many officers, "is it bethe vinningt" (D is it being the champ? (D is it Me money? (D is it fame 1 (D) is it Me money? (D is it ALL of it do	However, Morgan unkers use of. Politaness principles from both Leech	theory of Grice with insightful comments and uses appropriate
aller participant with house many options, is it has the viuniast (.) is it being the champ ? (.) is it the money & (.) is it fame ? (.) is it the money & (.) is it ALL of it do	"its because YOURE my hero" and golden bots mind". When This serves 12 platter Belt and put him at ease	apply theory, demonstrating knowledge and insight regarding
Morgan's questioning technique	(.) is it being the champ? (.) is it the money? (.) is it fame? (.) is it the momen? (.) is it All of it do you think?. This strate got proves	communicating with Bolt. The candidate identifies Morgan's questioning technique as strategic, effectively using a further

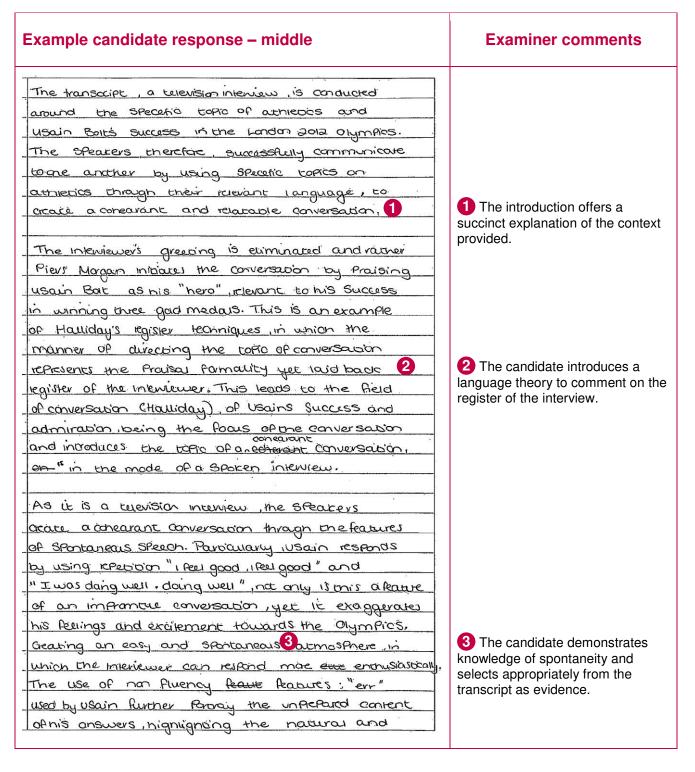
Example candidate response - high, continued **Examiner comments** ions 000.1 20 13 The conclusion includes comments on linguistic features and returns to the original points made about the effectiveness of the conversation set into the context of a television interview. Total mark awarded = 21 out of 25

At times, the candidate lost articulacy and the written language became rather informal. To improve the answer the candidate could have maintained an academic tone throughout.

There were sections of the response which could have been improved by using more precise linguistic terminology to describe the language features being explored, especially in the section of the essay concerning questioning techniques.

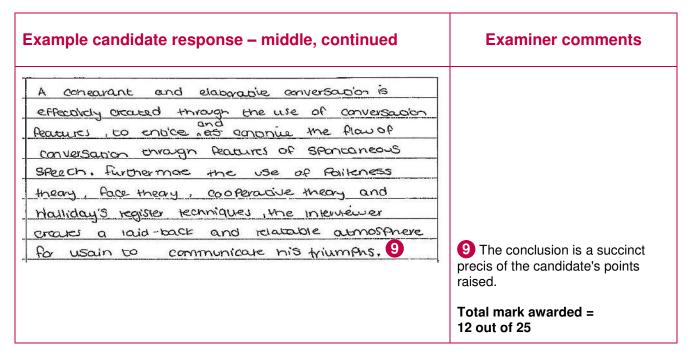
The candidate's focus was generally on how the audience might be affected. While this is commendable, the candidate could have included more comments specifically on the context of Bolt's recent achievements.

Where there was discussion on language and status, this could have been made more specific with an application of language theory on this subject.



Example candidate response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
honest remarks that have not been edited and Re-Planned to Perfeccion. The interviewer's questions, are asted through intoination; "goes through the golden boits mind", it is a subtle, yet effective way the interviewer Progressess the conversation Promating a response from Usain. The Questions, Provoke lengthy responses from the respondent, enoting insteners and advocating his love of the sport, through his elaborative traccions. Obsain effectively deturbes his fassion through detail, with Peabures of a spoken conversation. In his responses, the use of an interviewed Construction; "you all you try to do", Produces his train of the use of incomplete construction; "the alympics iwent out there" re-directs his response from the general topic of the olympics to a more direct and Aersonal approach, which	• The candidate attempts to explore the nature of Morgan's questioning technique.
effectively directs his attention to the Rurpose of the interviewers question and to not go off topic. This feaues the direction of the conversation and chables direct answers to the interview questions. (5) The direction and flow of the conversation is further Prompted by Ress Magan the values knowedge of his Arrola fabor. This relates to Goffman's face theory as usain Boit acknowledges the Stance and direction the interview is going in and Subsequently reassures Aers Magan in his a Hendance by a that acknowledging his remark of the "hundhed Metre dash is the greatest test.". (6)	<ul> <li>The candidate demonstrates understanding of the structure of the interview and applies some technical terminology to describe the effects conveyed by language and purpose.</li> <li>There is a brief comment on Goffman's theory which is appropriate, to an extent.</li> </ul>

is created factually, along with arating a chearant interiew. Another Anoner maxim of Grice is followed through the honest remarks made by Usain (Autuily) rthis adds " its just hard work for me". adding to the quality of the transprint, Potraying the rateffects to the listening and Viewing audience, arating agenuine interview. This enables & dutailed and Revsaral conversation to commence as Personal information;" Fans are one of the biggest to me", "to clear mymind" give insight into usains Respond uike, and not just a Rublic Spatiment of the interview encipies usain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiment of the interview encipies isain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiment of the interview encipies isain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiment of the interview encipies isain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiment of the interview encipies isain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiment of the interview encipies isain to elaborate into his Respond uike, and not just a fublic spatiments chaiteness theory), unich Araises the other speaker through moducioni and commentary remarks further Principles (Lacoff) Provide an effect to mate the receiver, and the spatial converses and the receiver.	Examiner comments
This enables , ditailed and Personal conversation to commence as Personal information;" Fans are one of the biggest to me.", "to clear mymind" give insight into usains Personal life, and not just a Public spotometric athlete. Naid-back The & atmosphere of the interview enables Usain to elaborate into his Personal life, Gening up to Piers Magan. The use of Positive Parteness + "youre my hero" and "isit being the champ" are evidence of Positive Reliteness theory), unich Praises the other speaker through moduations and commentary remarks Truther Principles (Lakoff) Pravide an effect to make the reciever; and up to Pravide an effect to make the reciever; and up to Pravide an effect to make the reciever;	The candidate demonstrates owledge of Grice's maxims and ccessfully applies theory to jument with evidence from the nscript.
USain to elaborate into his Rersonal life, Apening up to Fiers Magan. The use of Positive Parteness + "youre my hero" and "Isit being the champ" are evidence of Positive Ruiteness Chaileness theory), which Araises the other speaker thragh modulasioni and comm complimentary remarks Bruther Principles (Lakoff) Provide an effect to make the reciever; and which an effect to make the reciever; and which an effect to make the reciever; and which an effect to make the reciever;	
usain feel good. This is evident in the remarks; the in	The candidate's brief comments politeness theories demonstrate understanding of the purpose of interview and the effects of rgan's flattery.



The candidate could have improved the answer by a fuller explanation of Goffman's theory. The brief discussion of this was only appropriate to an extent and could have been the subject of a more developed exploration.

Further theories on politeness were briefly mentioned. These were not all attributed to a theorist: the candidate could have improved the response by using specific names and by providing an explanation as to how and why a particular theory could be applied to the linguistic ingredients of the transcript.

The candidate stated that the interview was spontaneous for both interlocutors. The response could have been improved by closer reading, as Morgan's questions were prepared, and only Bolt's replies were spontaneous; this aspect of the interview affected the overall levels of formality which did not match. This was a fundamental element of the language used in the transcription which in the candidate's case was not recognised.

Example candidate response – low	Examiner comments
The teact is an interview, where the interviewer was interviewing Usain Bott, The teact is made up of digreent languages. At the start of the interview, Piers Morgan introduces the effect to other the interview. This is shown by the phrase, its because YOURF my here (1) so how	1 The candidate demonstrates some confusion.
does that make you peel. This shows that Piers Margan has been a big Fan of Usain Balt since way back the provides it look like he is his biggest fan. This is also shown by the raise of roice, m <sup>2</sup> YOURE? This statement opens the conversation, but also affects the blue context. Usain balt automatically talks about his peelings when fans tell him has they peel about him. Piers Margan appects by enotions. No the interview goes by the antext dunges to childhood memories. Piers Margan bring up how he was intrigued by	2 The candidate selects appropriately from the transcript to demonstrate understanding of language and purpose.
Olympics However, he stresses out how alympics can also leal men, even though he was first mativated by a Russian woman. Language is affected. Allo As the interview proceeds, Usan Balt starts gelling involved. Non - standard language is shown from Usain Balt. He affects the language of the least by talking about has he prepares himself, seconds before he explodes. This can be chain by the phrase, "bry to NOT think about mything, "Usain could be talking about	<ul> <li>3 The candidate offers assertion on the content of the interview with some misreading.</li> <li>4 The candidate offers a brief comment on Bolt's use of language and continues by paraphrasing the transcript.</li> </ul>

Example candidate response – low, continued	Examiner comments
The interview by balling about how having a great supporting team really helped luim. This can be shown by the phrase, "for me." He gres on to engage people a who helped lim, per example, his couch who played a huge role in his coreer. This can be ohown by the phrase, "ESPECIALLY my coach." The capital letters ohow really have clearing acach supported him. Abo how he was contend.	<ul> <li>There is further paraphrasing of the transcript.</li> <li>The response is narrative rather than linguistic.</li> </ul>

18

Example candidate response – low, continued	Examiner comments
come to support him. Usain gos on to explain what these pass really do to make him advieve more. This is shown by : the phroses." (.) the energy that they give me." However, both the people involved in the interview are good speakers of Fryhish. Fron though Usain was giving himself more time to think of what to answer, "(.) err." The "err" is shown twice in	The candidate spots some features of the transcript and provides a generalised comment.
the text. Also bloain Balt was including magheny Sounds, like, "whooo". For Piers Margan, it is alear blat the Finglish is really good. Which is expected because of the environment he lives in, also because of the environment he lives in, also because of the type of his job. 3 Therefore, to a greater extend the language used in the text affect the context. To a lesser extend the language did not affect the beach This is especially down when Usain agress to what Piers says about hundred metre races. Usain just agres with, "it true, state-	<ul> <li>The candidate attempts to provide a basic sociological comment.</li> <li>Total mark awarded = 4 out of 25</li> </ul>

The response opened with some confusion which may have been due to the candidate's loss of control of written English.

As the essay continued, it was clear that the candidate understood the context and was able to select evidence from the transcription. However, the response was largely narrative, paraphrasing chronologically the content of the piece, rather than offering a linguistic analysis.

Comments displayed a tendency to unsupported assertion regarding semantic meaning of the interview and some comments showed misreading. An initial close reading of the transcription may have avoided this latter issue.

Overall, the candidate could have improved the answer by identifying specific linguistic elements using technical terminology and making an exploration of language, structure and purpose, rather than only paraphrasing the transcription.

#### Common mistakes candidates made in this question

Candidates often tried to assess the socio-economic status of the interlocutors by attempting to analyse accent which was not presented by the transcription. In doing so, the response became irrelevant to the question. Candidates also attempted to criticise the quality of English used by the interlocutors. It was not part of the question to assess or offer assertion on the interlocutors' intellectual status.

Candidates were generally keen to demonstrate their knowledge of genderlect. However, discussion on language and gender is only one aspect of spoken language and candidates should have taken care not to allow it to dominate the response.

Weaker candidates who referred to language theorists commonly did not give a satisfactory explanation of the theory and why it was appropriate for it to be applied to elements of the transcription. Candidates should have been aware that it is not sufficient merely to mention a theorist's name.

Candidates needed to be aware of the conventions of conversation transcription. Some candidates criticised the interlocutors for not using punctuation in their utterances: according to transcription convention, punctuation is not used.

Weaker candidates lost control of their own written language at times. They also offered a generalised, rather than analytical, response using standard English terms. Candidates should have used technical linguistic terminology to describe the linguistic elements and to explore the effects and qualities conveyed by language, structure, purpose and context.

Example candidate response - high **Examiner comments** This afficle takes on anec aerspect h 51 0mix esen Dh 1 The introduction is articulate and succinct. 115 +1 107 1'a h na man 10 mas 2 The candidate demonstrates 2 0 a understanding of the argument set up by the passage, provides alticle evidence from the text hot appropriately, and develops the response by applying wider knowledge of the current global situation regarding language and 'c Co power. Ik nor 401 1) C alk 4 ar kill З asic **3** The candidate explores the linguistic issue by selecting appropriately from the context provided. u 4

Example candidate response – high, continued **Examiner comments** hat as elitist ating is it as c 117AS Seen ar au brogneri 1700 onl 4 The candidate explains 4 language and elitism by applying un+ examples from wider personal 4 1C+ experience. PA 23 8 a LOOK 0 CX 00 La and a au aILAC JAM skill states. 01 min 11 40 5 The candidate develops the noir response through language and emole power to education, mirroring the 0 1181 passage provided and making 01 24 appropriate reference. 6 The candidate demonstrates -1CCo knowledge of the stages of development of a language. ontin en which a company\_

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
deaching Canalish It is evident that Canalish is still very much adesired langhage and me questions whether Mandanin would even have a chance against this well-established language. The is sominded af the almost scary way-in which Conglish is taught in China itselff. Thousaids af students are led in highly enthusiastic chants schedning things like "Perfect! Perfect! I want to Speak perfect English! I want to improve my life!" The underi- able link to between Conglish and properity is highlighted here as students are taught that Question healts abeller. fature.	The candidate demonstrates evidence of wider experience of learning English.
Clet there is a danger in the oner- divisication of Conglise 3 The article necognises this in the humoraus anecdote about writing thench congils, as well as in the conclusion that is we all try to speak each other's languages, "In the cond we'll all understand each other". 9 This	<ul> <li>The candidate recognises the counter-argument, making appropriate reference to the passage and carefully selecting evidence.</li> <li>The candidate offers personal</li> </ul>
view, I find is a healthy one a view lacking the anger that after results from debates about Mrich language is better. Pather this than the agressive stamping- out af other languages that happened in the seventeen and	opinion on the linguistic issue.

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
eighteen hundreds at the height of Bitain's colonial period. One report recorded the enert of a small Mauri boy (from New Jealend) we beaten and told renew to speak the tem native language (Te Reo Maori) at school because, if he wanked to prosper, longlish was the only way fortunately, when New Jealand claeted the hear - death of Te Keo O Maoring the younght it back into phoods and commerce, heuring to to the thriving language it is today and the prose "English speakers like me, who have struggled to master a foreign language". This, the and the statistic that "only 10's of heat into the struggled to master a foreign language". This, the and the statistic that "only 10's of heat into the completence of the the speak asecond language "bring to light the completency of many first language Fringto light the completency of many first language Fringto	The candidate applies evidence of wider reading on the spread of English and language death.
Weildwide who do not set the need to learn another language. Everything they need can be bought, talked about and watched in Cenglish — so why bother? pelieve a that some altempt, if only "adorable" must be made to speak the kinguage of others. As the writer says in line 34,	The candidate explores language complacency by making reference to the passage and selecting appropriate evidence.

Example candidate response - high, continued **Examiner comments** 4 domina Dis is ho 9 Ð inge ho his alers is word true C endo 71 12 The candidate offers personal 12 opinion. AD1 0 Danc osid 05 0 OULACO 0. Companias int ok AD one Car 1 cent 7.5 0 l 13 The candidate demonstrates B eer hill espike 0 8 company understanding of English in origin au international business settings by exploring the passage and offering further examples from wider reading.

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
products are fast becoming a competitor for Samsung, they ad- uertise in Conglish becauset is what solls To my mind, it is dubious whether a country which is currently choosing Conglish oner their own language cisel, in the chature decide to suddenly change to Mandarin and expect the entime commercial and economic world to change with them. If course, imany argue that it will be a gradual change. Still, it is unlikely when "an inchedible 100,000 natine Canglish speahers are cornerty	The candidate offers further personal opinion in returning to the original issue of the rise of Mandarin as a possible global language, making reference to the passage.
teaching in China Finally, it is interesting that the writer looks at this topic from a "global business" point af view". In business, especially when dealing ho the international relations and trade, communication = is almost More important than, accuracy or method. I am sure the writer's French colleague got the point af their emails despite the flaws and subsequently DI feel that (where business especially is concerned) we should all try to undertand eachother even if we are wrong, at least we can say we	The candidate continues to focus on the business context of the passage.

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
Chave tried. Conclusively, this affice highlights the debate of over Conglish's future as a global language, bringing accross the point that Canglish will most likely susvine, as the global language of choice yet stating that this in howay hears it is a better language than Stress- just a more widely sponen one.	<ul> <li>The conclusion is a succinct precis of the main argument of the passage provided.</li> <li>Total mark awarded = 19 out of 25</li> </ul>

### How the candidate could have improved the answer

Where the candidate made reference to examples from wider experience or reading concerning the use of language in various countries, the writing demonstrated a loss of register. The answer could have been improved by maintaining an appropriate register and by not using the quotes, as these provided a tendency to generalised assertion. These sections of the response were rather prolonged and could have been further improved by the candidate writing in a more succinct style.

The candidate could have improved the answer by applying theory to the linguistic issue, such as those theories put forward by Kachru, Diamond or Crystal.

Example candidate response – middle	Examiner comments
Republik Works Policit Philipson monstinguedian can prote communicition universal Lo also impusiblism writiging yet divide - elite, classing discogent of badions, loss JSSNES LAWAUAUE ORATH bosic requirement	
Langrage is argued by many do be one of the most hange aspects of human divelopment. That diversity.	1 The candidate prepares a short plan from which to focus the response.
mercener, is described by David Capital as a "mosaic of visions" and see a mark of evolutionary divelopment. 5 The therefore becomes a particular concern when this diversity deplotes and shifts a community to be monolithic in the most popular of 2 langrages, English. The most populated country in the world, China, is reported to have an exponential increase in English liberacy according.	<b>2</b> The introduction offers generalised assertion.
the magazine stille. The author informs that English language will become a requirement for the Chinese blows as a basis skill needed for the author watcharce of 3 some court that Though English tangage therman being press An schundage of this would mean afrate English literacy will not only be post preserved to the elite community of giving them distinctions that can be divisive of the population and caste dissons to some schule of the population and	3 The candidate now refers to the passage and interprets advantages of learning English.

Example candidate response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
carnersborn the of this. In Indonesia is new of surprises have sufficien the interpreted to send only generations the of children the information with some applitude in Bahas 2, but to take pride in the social states that 4 elevates them in not knowing this state mother tongue with carner of the interpret the take the take the source of the total of the interpret of the interpret of the source of the interpret of the interpret of the interpret of the source of the interpret of the source of the interpret of the	4 The candidate offers examples from wider reading or wider personal experience.
the district or prople the unit of the second of the secon	<b>5</b> The candidate selects appropriately from the text in order to examine comments gained from wider reading.
tongues to puisse essents. Not everyone can become policient in a new language a for work and as of this era, the intern of religness can bring a with large population of foreigners with the required shill. Of the star state has been reported that there groups straggle greatly to sommilate to the languages and shill find it a hindrance to their success to seems rether unjusts, to the obligate prostation communities to deviate from this identity, this own language, because the getter government does not keeper diversity in the opportunities thist the nation provides. The point of straggling to be apt in a second language is light-husterly and	6 The candidate presents a counter-argument and then proceeds to refer to contemporary global political difficulties, demonstrating appreciation of the wider implications of the linguistic issue.

Example candidate response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
contraction contractions by the suffer of the schole as well, in a borted anecdade over wilting termoils in French states his forgin cotto for "on hour - on effort my Paision collesgue declared "sclorable" Despite the write's schnowledgement of this storgle, (s) he mentains a rest nutral gainion and parapetive in the nee of Cilebal English (Edelaish, as Filewish have stermed). The realis is left to his/her own gainion as the within writes. "her better or worse = it seems that	The candidate appreciates the humour of the passage while appreciating the depth of importance of the linguistic issue.
English may be the most essential largeage for global brancos. A a peaker, I can see a possifive appet to this fact when it comes to the abrancement of women in the workfore, as a point made by the author: "women quark better English thrun men. that tatelf In a world where misogency and policially is prevalent, the English tengrape anyrage can drive unormen the opportunity to break from oppressive systems and find more esseer options that with three can bring equilibry (3) English as a global language can the shafter the borners individuals across the world have, giving them the same foundablion of indeestin ding and communitation Net it all comes with a price taket other languages will have to bie with a price taket other languages will have to bie with a price taket other languages will have to bie with a price disencement. All need to be hindered from economic advancement. All need do be in consideration (9)	<ul> <li>The candidate offers personal opinion on the gender issue of English language learning.</li> <li>The candidate briefly comments on language death and language learning as an obligation.</li> </ul>
	Total mark awarded = 12 out of 25

The response opened with an assertive statement and a comment from Crystal. These did not demonstrate direct focus on the question, so the introduction to the essay was not relevant. The candidate could have improved the answer by using an introduction which immediately addressed the question.

The candidate offered further assertion in the discussion on gender and English language learning. The answer could have been improved by positively exploring the ways in which English language learning by women can fulfil international business requirements, rather than generalising on misogyny, patriarchy or oppression.

The conclusion made only brief mention of language death and language learning by obligation. The answer could have been improved by a fuller and more developed exploration of these two linguistic issues.

30

Example candidate response – low	Examiner comments
English as a global language.	
For english language, we can say that it has brought many people across	
the globe together. Civing them the opportunity to learn about Something new, something different.	1 The candidate opens by giving
Although english is the most spoken languege of the world but there	positive views on the issue of English as a global language.
are Some countries Some ethinicity that donot speak english. But that being said if is abo notible that	
for better clonanic 2 growth, english language is an important feedor. like mentioned in the oxteet,	2 The issue of English as a global language and economic growth has been addressed.
like mantioned pu the oxtoet, english language is taking over the mandarin language of china. It is	
<u>Prowing in dominance and now many</u> <u>People are prefering english over the</u>	<b>3</b> The candidate discusses part of
Their are some issues that arise while OPKing to change language.	the first paragraph of the context provided.
first of all a new study done tog t.f. Showed that I is it's says that Pt PS not that have for ev	
<u>cilizens to learn / speak a second</u> language as compared to american	
Non english speakers have to contact	4 There is evidence of some misreading of the context provided.
then to understeind and vapond	

Example candidate response – low, continued	Examiner comments
without any problems. This can take up a lot of tenie which can be used to do gene thing else. 5 Secondy the use of english language Should be wide or big enough so that futer communication within an Organization who have affices in different contries face no problem while conveying important metsages because it happens Some to Some fiture	<b>5</b> Loss of focus on the question.
Het a mellenge & wrongly Erlentrieted by a non-english Speaker: 6 Thirdly, another mails Speaker: 6 Thirdly, another mails problem that ame up in the study was that Paternational sectors of an organization or a country use english language but the local sectors dan't. This brings about many the Problems. For example communicating with store mangles or shop keepers while travelling Many businesses & countries of non english origin have made english their offices but the low	6 The candidate attempts to explain difficulties faced in international business communication.
not Speaking english, thess creating Problem for those english speakers that Puterast with them. Power that a many people of Schlerent cultures a sieligien oppose the use of english, and punish these who even try. for example when to english i'm 1200s, the somen Catholic opposed it. They burned the	7 The candidate offers a paraphrase of the penultimate paragraph of the context provided.
latholie opposed in hog sollied the People who stouted worshilling in english. 8	8 Attempts to demonstrate evidence of wider knowledge although focus is not maintained on the question or the context provided.
	Total mark awarded = 5 out of 25

At times, the candidate lost the focus of the question in an attempt to demonstrate evidence of wider reading. This resulted in the latter part of the response becoming irrelevant. The answer could have been improved, therefore, by maintaining focus throughout.

Parts of the response merely paraphrased sections of the passage. The candidate could have improved the answer by, instead of paraphrasing, selecting an idea from the passage, inserting a short quote to evidence the argument, and then providing an explanation and development of the idea by applying knowledge from wider reading.

There was some evidence of misreading the context. Had this not occurred, and the candidate had used a linguistic stance, a discussion regarding the language complacency of native English speakers would have attracted further marks.

### Common mistakes candidates made in this question

A common mistake which candidates made in Question 2 was to take inadequate account of the focus of the passage provided, and instead write about other issues concerning English as a global language not covered by the context. The passage, or passages, always have a direct focus – for example, language learning to facilitate international business – and candidates should have taken notice that the question asks for reference to specific details from the passage.

On the other hand, some weaker candidates chose simply to rewrite the content of the passage provided into their own words, with the response resulting in a chronological paraphrase. This method did not demonstrate a candidate's own ideas, nor any knowledge gained from wider study or experience, which is what was required in this question.

Commonly, weaker candidates chose to write a lengthy historical account of the growth of English as a global language, leaving themselves short of time to explore fully the linguistic issue presented.

Example candidate response – high	Examiner comments
PLAN Int Father & Daughter - pometrie - Role playing Int Father & Daughter - pometrie - Control Pha THERE - Impresent LKS (Nelsen) - Nouns - Social Vools - Action LKS (Straggler with performs (Althien) Straggler with performs (Althien) Straggler with performs (Althien) Straggler with performs (Althien) Straggler in an alternist to post use Pry/Spot. Seeng unglet & focus on the lastice they CDS Family seeng unglet & focus on the lastice they Respective in the box - recenting. NV N theorem	The candidate has provided a well-organised plan.

JAdi 2 4	the g	iven tro between	inscript	้ส เ	v
dialog	ine	petmen	Rebecca	(1 ye	no and
20 1	nonths)	ed that	her sai	ther. I	it can
be	accum	ed that	the	exchange	и
taking	oton	in in	ia d	omestic	enionema
and	that	u in the d	ild is	samilia	a with
their	enviro	nmend .	and is	therego	rl
relaye	d. Re	thecca	and, her	sother	une
in	Ø./	rolestay	game	un.	which.
Reberr	a. U	a	showee	per and	her
father	ú	rolephay a	intomer.	3 Acerro	ling to
Aitchi	son's T	table e	t deve	Commental	Kages,
being	ageo	1 22	north	outo	ipen
Rebec	car	in the prove	late	stager	Ø
what	à	prom	as	He "Tu	o-word
phas	2°4 h	le com <del>e</del> the <del>e</del> the	assum	e that	the
record	ina r	r th	Conver	cation is	covert
N/3	<i>VVU</i>	CYDUNAL.	21		I DOWN X
within	the	transco	inter cu	agents	otherniel.
		In	aeneral.	Rebecc	ar
phond	orical	transco In develops	next i	rather	mont
adram	red	grom	where	themist	cuch
ar	Aldri	tal beli	ere no	t chile	ben
her	age	should	be, 5	She	has
acqu	ired	ipasa a	uide	range.	af .
such	as	vowel	s and	l voire	d dosire
1 the	Scame	e latter	demons	traled	by her
com	m u	11-	of the	word	"peag")
kut	Aldrid		fle of		s places
H-e	fricati		at	a. N	nch
hater	rto	ige of	child	a n devel	opment,

# **Examiner comments**

**2** This is, in fact, a response to Question 3 and not Question 2.

**3** The candidate correctly identifies the purpose and context of the discourse.

 The candidate correctly identifies Rebecca's stage of language acquisition and uses an appropriate theoretical model to support the point.

• The candidate is assertive and is able to apply theory to a phonological argument which is then developed by an explanation of child language acquisition theory and examples from the transcript.

cample candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
"THERE" without any wident fault, proving that this aspect of her development may be justice about than most children's <u>Most: of Rebecca's Lexis fall</u> into three contagonies. Firstly is general	
nouns such as "box" peas" "shop" and so porth, clear indicating her	
confidence in lubelling certain objects with coundy and words Secondly, 6 actions like "come (.) come (.) come" to indicate seeks for her patter to follow her. And thirdly, social words such as "hello", "alright", "yes" and "no" to reinjorces	6 While identifying linguistic features, the candidate refers confidently to language structures with technical terminology.
her own imagined V role up a shopkeeper as well as practicing her diveloping pragmotic awareness. Homever, her lexual	<b>7</b> Here, the candidate analyses linguistic features while referring back to the context and purpose.
the does not seem to use pronoung the give clearer meaning to ber uttermines. B According to theorist Nelson,	8 The candidate discusses how
this pattern of checking und in dildren of Reberca's age and stage of development.	the child could give clearer meaning and briefly introduces a further theorist to support the poir
When discussing before Rebercoj syretax, it is important to acknowledge	
the fact that within the "Two-word stage" children's cyntax () is only just beginning as they experiment with putting two words together in one phrase.	9 The candidate confidently discusses syntax with appropriate examples being labelled correctly
Rebecca succeeds in doing is multiple times saying "in box" (preposition + nown) and "find pear" (verb + nown)	

36

# Example candidate response – high, continued

Homever,	her lack of Opronoun acquiciti	m
presents	her with some structural digg of stating "in the box I the cays "in box () think", demonstrat	rutt
Instead	it ating "in the box I th	ink
she	cays "in box () think, demonstrat	ing
her	lack of either considence or	
inderst	anding in using both articles	
leu A	"the" and the standard	
<u> </u>	as one) anou on the pronoun nother covering up her error a power (!). Berbo & Brown (1960) fame that "understanding exceeds (1)	
with	a passe (.).	•••
	Berbo & Brown (1960) Jame	ndy
found	that "understanding exceeds 1	
_ childr	en acquiring language. Although research chows this in terms	
their	research chows this is terms	
_0¥	phondogical development, it can be found in semantics. Rete	
alco	be found in semanticy. Robe	ccon
enth	her limited legits can only	
under	and and are certain woods in	,
order	to quin a desired responses,	
For	example objecting the words	
" pret	to quin a desired responses, example objecting the words and shop to express what it	e
wants	, clearly understanding that the	
s. H.	about is " nottend this is it	ų
shop	but saying only the bey in fully understands. PAbthough the asso show come pragmatic	ds
she	willy understands. Although the	
does	and show some pragmatic.	
anne	ress through her salutation it	
the	beginning of the tonascript the	Mah
the	inacipative aleday, the ale	
demon	states by stuggle to four or	ر
ilotaín	acpects of her inaginary site	lion
tipe.	the positioning of he chip a	ŕ ·
	"Corrors moves across the room" a	

### **Examiner comments**

The response is articulate and fluent and offers insight into how the child's syntax acquisition falls into an early stage.

The candidate now begins to develop the response from initial discussion on phonological, lexical and syntactical acquisition through to semantics, applying new theoretical explanation.

There is further linguistic exploration here as the candidate discusses pragmatics within the imaginative role play.

kample candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
"dimby over the table" The father, as Pepecca's currenties is baring do a lost 3 of what panela Eisthman referred to as "interactional chistarock" by asking questions nithin his role as the currenter. "is there any orange juice?" This is term gives Rebecca rew imaginatione cituations to work with teaches her to	The candidate provides explanation and exploration of the father's role as linguistic caregiver by briefly discussing theory and providing appropriate examples from the text.
internate at the ead of questions to give them a distinct sound """ as well us papiliences her with two-part evchanges "please could i have some water" 1 "yes", espectively peeping the association yoing. I Furthermore, the father also records certain information given by his daughter. For example, when Rebeccan cay in box" the father responds with "in the box" a including the article in the hope of increasing her lexical understanding. Spinner was a behaviorarist	The candidate correctly identifies the father as recasting rather than correcting his daughter's utterance.
who believed that language was learnt through ascoriation initiation and reingovernant. However, linguist Noum Chomoky challenged Spinners belieg, believing that children all over the TS world have an inate Language Acquisition Durice ibs (LAD) within the brain that naturally acquires grammer when exposed to a language. However, Chomsky simply with to upproveledge	The candidate explains the contrast in the two linguistic theories discussed.

Example candidate response – high, continued	Examiner comments
that sorial interaction in escential for a child to be able to use a language effectively in conial citation. Brand and stacks research on the abild prann as "peag Jin" show that children do indeed more than just over to be able to use it in order to be able to use it in order to be able to use it increasingly, its we see in the transingt between Reberrer and pathen, interactiony tack as the orderlang grave they are pluying one purdimental in helping a child develop ways to be creative through language and understand more sorial conventiony in language of the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is the bey to a child surcesspully actuing language and environment, is beyond the toope of this escay to consider the toope of this escay to consider the theories purcher given the wider reading and the limited torescript and the follow and we are a source with her follow and we are a assume that as a result Reberrie is surcesspully acquiring the language bills redied for abut high.	The response contains evidence of a good deal of wider reading and confidently applies this to the context provided. Total mark awarded = 22 out of 25

The penultimate paragraph was somewhat lengthy. The candidate could have improved the response by writing more succinctly, or by using fewer examples (such as the one provided regarding Deaf Jim) to illustrate the point made.

The candidate identified phoneme /p/ as a voiced plosive, rather than an unvoiced plosive. To improve the answer, the candidate should have been accurate in labelling phonological ingredients.

Example candidate response – middle	Examiner comments
The conversion carried at between Repeace and her father takes flace in a traun environment of a room, It is in which an imaginary shopis oreated. It is therefore, taken flace in a non- threatening environment where the development and experimentation of Repeace's language can flaurism. The conversation commences with "hello" an indication of Repeace's cognitive ability on how to start a conversation, followed by her dad's response, effectively starting the conversation,	• The response opens with a confident assertion regarding the context.
and Shopping scene. It is therefore evident of Rebecca's apability of language. Rebecca's intuition Rebecca's intuition is Auroner Parorayed by her tesponse to her father initiating wanting to buy Jon-ething from her Shop. Her response; "right.	2 The candidate continues to offer assertion.
Peas. Peas." indicates her natural ability to respond to a Att statement, evidence of 3 chemsky's nativism theory, Rebecca has a natural ability of a Language acquisition device, to commence in the conversation. A second example of chansey's theory is porayed: "there shap. Picten d natural shap" when she shows her ability to famulate a statement with basic grammatical features:	3 The candidate selects appropriately from the transcript in order to demonstrate knowledge of child language acquisition theory, on which some brief comments are provided.
The father frampts his daughters thinking process and the flow of conversational by wing process questions ithrough inbination : " come where " to fromft Rebecca in verbally responding with the obvious answer. This feature actively teaches Rebecca's understanding of language incinforcing the	

Example candidate response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
structure of Sentences in her head. Further reinforcement is used by her father ; "but.yes. 1/11 nave some" to continue the direction of Conversation. Rostbively encouraging a response from Rebecca. The use of quebions and reinforcement is an example of spinners behaviourism, as in order for the conversation to commence and flow logically, questions and reinforcement is used to encourage Rebecca units	The candidate attempts to explore language and structure with comment on the father's role in the interaction.
Simultaneously teaching her grammatical Shuchure of her responses 5	<b>5</b> There is some development as the candidate continues to explore the father's utterances with a brief
The lexis of a child Rebecca's age is simple: "shap". and the grammar is basic: " dont know", and this enables one word, two word and the telegraphic stages of speech to be explored. whilst Rebecca uses one artivo words: " there " and	comment on the work of Skinner.
"in box" it is evident she has reached the telegraphic stages of speech." there shop pretend shop " by 6 using three to fair words in response toher famer. The telegraphic Stage enables her to express commands to her famer, enabling himto understand and fore the conversation in the direction she imagines. "In box" is a command representing Halliday's illustrative command as by	6 The candidate correctly identifies the stage of language acquisition which the child has reached, and selects appropriate evidence from the transcript.
Stathy this she means to inform her father that it is in the box. "Come come come", using three words. She is able to use a relagitory command (Halliday) to order her father to go to the Shap. 7 Rebeard evelonely forbrays her ability to logically demond and habity her father through basic grammer and	7 The candidate applies language acquisition appropriately, offering a more developed explanation.

Τ

Example candidate response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
Suegraphic Sentence Structure. This is a reflection of her Cognisance and ability to Potray her Cognitive understanding of her Pather's Prompes and Questions. "Peas Azas Deas" Str Potraysher knowledge that you can buy Peas at a sharp. Although her Cognisance is not yet at a sharp. I have a sharp than her father wanted. Throughat the conversation her father wanted. Throughat the conversation her father had PromPted the I dea OF Reas when she went off tracts; " rice". and it is evident it was successful in termindling her. " Find find Peas" is evidence to Rebecca's ability to round off a conversation, and her Cognisance tawards the Rurpose of the conversation (Praget's Cognitive theory). Rebecca Porays her acquired language acquistion through Scinner's behaviarism theory as her father uses intraction Romays and development of language. Rebee The conversation is effectively cannet her though the range her a ability to form basic grammatical sentence, evident to Cognisance to ward at through her a ability to form basic grammatical sentence and conversation is effectively in abilism theory. Along with her Cognisance	The candidate has attempted to apply Piaget's theory of cognitive development with a very brief mention.
to the topic of conversation and ballic keegingthic rentences, the sair are able to carry art a logical	<ul><li>The conclusion is a concise rewording of the body of the essay.</li></ul>
and describble (cenery of a shop, 9	Total mark awarded = 12 out of 25

The candidate tended to make assertions. The answer could have been improved by providing developed, rather than generalised, comments on the stage of language acquisition of the child in the second paragraph.

The response demonstrated some wider reading of child language acquisition theories. However, these were not always explained, therefore the candidate could have improved the answer by writing in a more precise manner, with appropriate selections from the transcription as evidence. This was particularly relevant in the section regarding Piaget, whose name was only briefly mentioned.

The candidate commented on the purpose of the father's questioning technique to an extent. To improve the answer, the candidate could have developed an argument concerning caretaker speech and the way Rebecca reacts in her turn-taking.

Overall, the answer could have been improved by using more linguistic terminology throughout the essay.

42

Example candidate response – low	Examiner comments
The languest osed in this conversation between rebecca angle 1gr to months li her feither is rather very informal and casual. This can be prove by the sentences said by rebecce that are shart and without any proper ghischere for example "in box (.) think. They are using langueste that befits them short and child like the one of 1gr to months wood to egge use. Alot of reference is given by both of them to taked they're previously gail as well as gestures used by rittle rebecco. It can be seen that lots of short micro passes are used by	1 The candidate attempts to spot features of the discourse and provide a basic comment which does not take a linguistic stance.
Lebecaca en her Seidentes almost live Stopping and 2 thousing of what to Seve next. In this conversation the Penehasis is given on press. Her	2 The candidate spots further features using the correct terminology, with basic comment.
reperced innerginary shop.	<b>3</b> The response demonstrates some understanding of the context provided.
	Total mark awarded = 2 out of 25

Often, a response is brief when a candidate has insufficient time left to complete the essay. However, even in short responses it is possible to achieve some marks. In this case, although the response was brief, the candidate could have improved the essay by using linguistic terminology instead of generalised standard English.

Some language features were spotted and if the candidate had provided more than a basic comment regarding these, more marks would have been awarded. The stage of language acquisition in the child was not identified, nor was there any reference to language theory. The candidate selected some quotes from the transcription but comments lacked precision and ideas were undeveloped.

Overall, the candidate appeared to have understood the context. A fuller exploration of language acquisition through imaginary play would have improved the response.

### Common mistakes candidates made in this question

In Question 3, a mistake commonly made was to wrongly identify the stage of language acquisition in the child. There was evidence in the transcription of holophrastic and telegraphic speech and Piaget's preoperational stage. Often candidates described the child's utterances as 'holographic' and 'telephrastic' in error. Candidates should be aware of the importance of using linguistic terminology fluently and correctly.

In selecting theories to apply to their analyses, some candidates chose to write about the work of Grice, Tannen or Lakoff. It is important to retain focus on child language acquisition in Question 3, which has specific demands that are quite different from those in Question 1. Therefore mention of theorists specialising in gender or politeness, for example, were inappropriate.

Many candidates referred to the child's early stage grammar and syntax examples as 'mistakes'. More accurately, these examples could be termed 'virtuous errors' with an opportunity to open a discussion on the work of Chomsky.

Weaker candidates stated that the adult's function was purely to teach the child. This was a missed opportunity to explore how language is acquired through play, where discussion on the Hallidayan imaginative, representational and regulatory functions would have been stronger.

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Cambridge International Examinations 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU, United Kingdom t: +44 1223 553554 f: +44 1223 553558 e: info@cie.org.uk www.cie.org.uk

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